

Writer Guide

Chapter **17** Customizing Writer

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Introduction

This chapter describes some common customizations that you may wish to do.

You can customize menus, toolbars, and keyboard shortcuts in OpenOffice.org, add new menus and toolbars, and assign macros to events. However, you cannot customize context (right-click) menus.

Other customizations are made easy by extensions that you can install from the OpenOffice.org website or from other providers.

Note Customizations to menus and toolbars can be saved in a template. To do so, first save them in a document and then save the document as a template as described in Chapter 10 (Working with Templates).

Customizing menu content

In addition to changing the menu font (described in Chapter 2), you can add and rearrange items on the menu bar, add items to menus, and make other changes.

To customize menus:

- 1) Choose **Tools > Customize.**
- 2) On the **Customize** dialog box, go to the **Menus** page (Figure 1).
- 3) In the Save In drop-down list, choose whether to save this changed menu for the application (Writer) or for a selected document.
- 4) In the section OpenOffice.org Writer > Menus, select from the Menu drop-down list the menu that you want to customize. The list includes all the main menus as well as sub-menus, that is menus that are contained under another menu. For example, in addition to File, Edit, View, and so on, there is File | Send and File |Templates. The commands available for the selected menu are shown in the central part of the dialog box.
- 5) To customize the selected menu, click on the **Menu** or **Modify** buttons. You can also add commands to a menu by clicking on the **Add** button. These actions are described in the following sections. Use the up and down arrows next to the Entries list to move the selected menu item to a different position.
- 6) When you have finished making all your changes, click **OK** to save them.

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Description			
	OpenOffice.org document.		

Figure 1. The Menus page of the Customize dialog box

Creating a new menu

In the Customize dialog box, click **New** to display the New Menu dialog box, shown in Figure 2.

- 1) Type a name for your new menu in the **Menu name** box.
- 2) Use the up and down arrow buttons to move the new menu into the required position on the menu bar.
- 3) Click **OK** to save.

The new menu now appears on the list of menus in the Customize dialog box. (It will appear on the menu bar itself after you save your customizations.)

After creating a new menu, you need to add some commands to it, as described in "Adding a command to a menu" on page 7.

🗃 New Menu	
<u>M</u> enu name	ОК
New Menu 1	Cancel
Menu <u>p</u> osition	Help
File Edit View Insert Format Table Tools Window Help New Menu 1	

Figure 2: Adding a new menu

Modifying existing menus

To modify an existing menu, select it in the Menu list and click the **Menu** button to drop down a list of modifications: **Move**, **Rename**, **Delete**. Not all of these modifications can be applied to all the entries in the Menu list. For example, **Rename** and **Delete** are not available for the supplied menus.

To move a menu (such as *File*), choose **Menu > Move**. A dialog box similar to the one shown in Figure 2 (but without the **Menu name** box) opens. Use the up and down arrow buttons to move the menu into the required position.

To move submenus (such as *File* | *Send*), select the main menu (File) in the Menu list and then, in the Menu Content section of the dialog box, select the submenu (Send) in the Entries list and use the arrow keys to move it up or down in the sequence. Submenus are easily identified in the Entries list by a small black triangle on the right hand side of the name.

In addition to renaming, you can specify a keyboard shortcut that allows you to select a menu command when you press Alt+ an underlined letter in a menu command.

- 1) Select a menu or menu entry.
- 2) Click the **Menu** button and select **Rename**.
- 3) Add a tilde (~) in front of the letter that you want to use as an accelerator. For example, to select the Save All command by pressing Alt+V, enter Sa~ve All.

Adding a command to a menu

You can add commands to the supplied menus and to menus you have created. On the Customize dialog box, select the menu in the Menu list and click the **Add** button in the Menu Content section of the dialog box.

On the Add Commands dialog box, select a category and then the command, and click **Add**. The dialog box remains open, so you can select several commands. When you have finished adding commands, click **Close**. Back on the Customize dialog box, you can use the up and down arrow buttons to arrange the commands in your preferred sequence.

	nu, select the category and then the g the command to the Commands list of Sustomize dialog.	
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-Templates Edit	AutoPilot: Presentation Bibliography Database	Close
Options BASIC	Create HTML Document Create Master Document Edit Macros	<u>H</u> elp
Documents	→ Exit	
Controls	Extended Tips	
-Navigate -Table	Help Agent Help on Help	
- Drawing - Graphic	🔍 Load URL	
Description		
Displays general program	information such as version number and copy	/rights.

Figure 3: Adding a command to a menu

Modifying menu entries

In addition to changing the sequence of entries on a menu or submenu, you can add submenus, rename or delete the entries, and add group separators.

To begin, select the menu or submenu in the Menu list near the top of the Customize page, then select the entry in the Entries list under Menu Content. Click the **Modify** button and choose the required action from the drop-down list of actions. Most of the actions should be self-explanatory. **Begin a group** adds a separator line after the highlighted entry.

Customizing toolbars

You can customize toolbars in several ways, including choosing which icons are visible and locking the position of a docked toolbar, as described in Chapter 1 (Introducing Writer), and adding or deleting icons (commands) in the list of those available on a toolbar. You can also create new toolbars. This section describes how to create new toolbars and add or delete icons on existing ones.

To get to the toolbar customization dialog box, do any of the following:

- On the toolbar, click the arrow at the end of the toolbar and choose **Customize Toolbar**.
- Choose **View > Toolbars > Customize** from the menu bar.
- Choose Tools > Customize from the menu bar and go to the Toolbars page.

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<u>S</u> ave In	OpenOffice.org Writer	~	

Figure 4. The Toolbars page of the Customize dialog box

Modifying existing toolbars

To modify an existing toolbar:

- 1) In the Save In drop-down list, choose whether to save this changed toolbar for the application (Writer) or for a selected document.
- 2) In the section **OpenOffice.org Writer > Toolbars**, select from the **Toolbar** drop-down list the toolbar that you want to modify.
- 3) Click on the Toolbar or Modify buttons, and add commands to a toolbar by clicking on the Add button. You can also create a new toolbar by clicking on the New button. These actions are described in the following sections.
- 4) When you have finished making all your changes, click **OK** to save them.

Adding a command to a toolbar

If the list of available buttons for a toolbar does not include all the commands you want on that toolbar, you can add commands. When you create a new toolbar, you need to add commands to it.

- 1) On the Toolbars page of the Customize dialog box, select the toolbar in the Toolbar list and click the **Add** button in the Toolbar Content section of the dialog box.
- 2) The Add Commands dialog box (Figure 3) is the same as for adding commands to menus. Select a category and then the command, and click Add. The dialog box remains open, so you can select several commands. When you have finished adding commands, click **Close**. If you insert an item which does not have an associated icon, the toolbar will display the full name of the item: the next section describes how to choose an icon for a toolbar command.
- 3) Back on the Customize dialog box, you can use the up and down arrow buttons to arrange the commands in your preferred sequence.
- 4) When you are done making changes, click $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$ to save.

Choosing icons for toolbar commands

Toolbar buttons usually have icons, not words, on them, but not all of the commands have associated icons.

To choose an icon for a command, select the command in the Toolbar Content – Commands list in the Customize dialog box, and click **Modify > Change icon**. On the Change Icon dialog box, you can scroll through the available icons, select one, and click **OK** to assign it to the command.



Figure 5: Change Icon dialog box

To use a custom icon, create it in a graphics program and import it into OOo by clicking the **Import** button on the Change Icon dialog box. Custom icons must be 16 x 16 or 26 x 26 pixels in size and cannot contain more than 256 colors.

Example: Adding a Fax icon to a toolbar

You can customize OpenOffice.org so that a single click on an icon automatically sends the current document as a fax.

- 1) Be sure the fax driver is installed. Consult the documentation for your fax modem for more information.
- 2) Choose **Tools > Options > OpenOffice.org Writer > Print**. The dialog box shown in Figure 6 opens.
- 3) Select the fax driver from the **Fax** list and click **OK**.
- 4) Click the arrow icon at the end of the Standard toolbar. In the drop-down menu, choose **Customize Toolbar**. The Toolbars page of the Customize dialog box appears (Figure 4). Click **Add**.

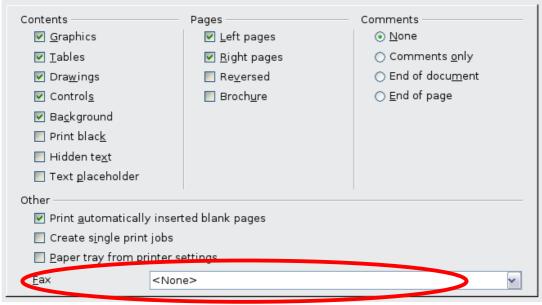


Figure 6: Setting up OOo for sending faxes

- 5) On the Add Commands dialog box (Figure 7), select *Documents* in the Category list, then select *Send Default Fax* in the Commands list. Click **Add**. Now you can see the new icon in the Commands list.
- 6) In the Commands list, click the up or down arrow button to position the new icon where you want it. Click **OK** and then click **Close**. Your toolbar now has a new icon to send the current document as a fax.

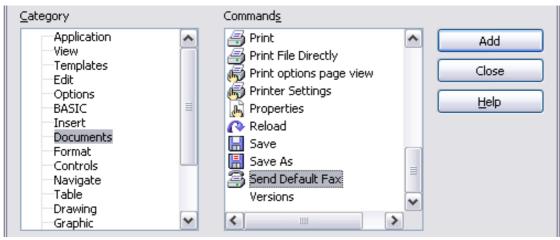


Figure 7: Adding a Send Fax command to a toolbar

Creating a new toolbar

To create a new toolbar:

- 1) Choose **Tools > Customize > Toolbars** from the menu bar.
- 2) Click **New**. On the Name dialog box, type the new toolbar's name and choose from the Save In drop-down list where to save this changed menu: for the application (Writer) or for a selected document.

Name	
Toolbar Name	ок
New Toolbar 1	Cancel
Save In 00o-dev Writer	Help

The new toolbar now appears on the list of toolbars in the Customize dialog box. After creating a new toolbar, you need to add some commands to it, as described above.

Assigning shortcut keys

In addition to using the built-in keyboard shortcuts (listed in Appendix A), you can define your own. You can assign shortcuts to standard OOo functions or your own macros and save them for use with the entire OpenOffice.org suite.



Be careful when reassigning your operating system's or OOo's predefined shortcut keys. Many key assignments are universally understood shortcuts, such as *F1* for Help, and are always expected to provide certain results. Although you can easily reset the shortcut key assignments to the OOo defaults, changing some common shortcut keys can cause confusion, frustration and possible data loss or corruption, especially if other users share your computer.

To adapt shortcut keys to your needs, use the Customize dialog box, as described below.

- 1) Choose **Tools > Customize > Keyboard**. The Customize dialog box opens.
- 2) To have the shortcut key assignment available in all components of OpenOffice.org, select the **OpenOffice.org** button.

- 3) Next select the required function from the *Category* and *Function* lists.
- 4) Now select the desired shortcut keys in the *Shortcut keys* list at the top of the page and click the **Modify** button on the right. The selection now appears in the *Keys* list on the lower right.
- 5) Click **OK** to accept the change. Now the chosen shortcut keys will execute the function chosen in step 3 above whenever they are pressed.

All existing shortcut keys for the currently selected *Function* are listed in the *Keys* selection box. If the *Keys* list is empty, it indicates that the chosen key combination is free for use. If it were not, and you wanted to reassign a shortcut key combination that is already in use, you must first delete the existing key.
Shortcut keys that are greyed-out in the listing on the Customize dialog box, such as *F1* and *F10*, are not available for reassignment.

Example: Assigning styles to shortcut keys

You can configure shortcut keys to quickly assign styles in your document. Some shortcuts are predefined, such as Ctrl+0 for the *Text body* paragraph style, Ctrl+1 for the *Heading 1* style and Ctrl+2 for *Heading 2*. You can modify these shortcuts and create your own.

- 1) Click **Tools > Customize > Keyboard**. The Keyboard page of the Customize dialog box (Figure 8) opens.
- 2) To have the shortcut key assignment available only for Writer, select **Writer** in the upper right corner of the page; otherwise select **OpenOffice.org** to make it available to every component.
- 3) Choose the shortcut keys you want to assign a style to. In this example, we have chosen Ctrl+9.
- 4) In the *Functions* section at the bottom of the dialog box, scroll down in the Category list to *Styles*. Click the + sign to expand the list of styles.
- 5) Choose the category of style. (This example uses a paragraph style, but you can also choose character styles and others.) The *Function* list will display the names of the available styles for the selected category. The example shows some of OOo's predefined styles.

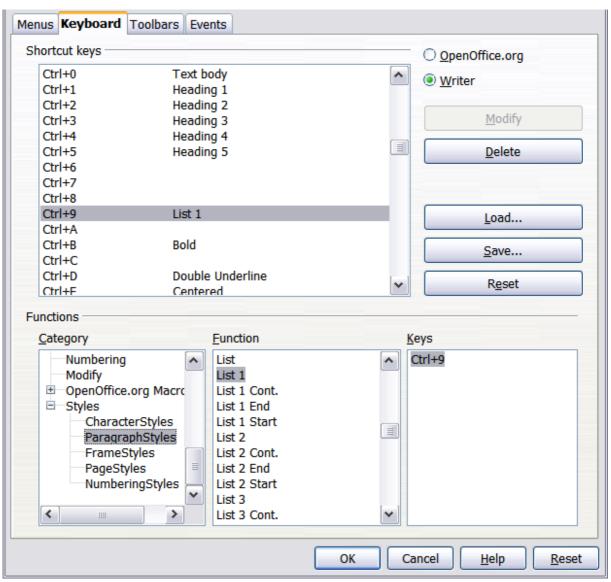


Figure 8. Defining keyboard shortcuts for applying styles

- 6) To assign Ctrl+9 to be the shortcut key combination for the List 1 style, select List 1 in the Function list, and then click Modify. Ctrl+9 now appears in the Keys list on the right, and List 1 appears next to Ctrl+9 in the Shortcut keys box at the top.
- 7) Make any other required changes, and then click **OK** to save these settings and close the dialog box.

Example: Assigning macros to shortcut keys

A common use for assigning macros to shortcut keys is to enable quick and easy insertion of special characters. This example shows how to st up keyboard shortcuts for inserting en-dashes and em-dashes.

First, you need to record a macro for inserting each type of dash. Then, you need to assign those macro to shortcut key combinations.

1) Choose **Tools > Macros > Record Macro** to start recording a macro.



A small window is displayed so you know that OpenOffice.org is recording.

 Choose Insert > Special Characters to open the Special Characters dialog box (Figure 9). Scroll down until you find the en-dash (U+2013) and em-dash (U+2014) characters. Select one of them and click OK.

Specia	al Cł	nara	cter	s													
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3) Click the **Stop Recording** button to stop recording, save the macro, and display the OpenOffice.org Basic Macros dialog box (see Figure 10). Type a descriptive name for the new macro in the **Macro name** box on the upper left.

OpenOffice.org Basic Macros Macro name		
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Save m <u>a</u> cro in	Existing macros in: Module1	Close
My Macros Accentuate AltSearch SaltSearch Sal	Main	New <u>L</u> ibrary New M <u>o</u> dule <u>H</u> elp

- 4) Be sure to open the library container named *My Macros*. Find the library named *Standard* under My Macros. Select Module1 and click Save.
- 5) Repeat steps 1–4 to create other macros, for example to insert an em-dash.
- 6) Choose Tools > Customize > Keyboard tab (Figure 11). In the Shortcut keys list, pick an unused combination (for example, Ctrl+Shift+N for an en-dash). In the Category list, scroll down to OpenOffice.org Macros, click the + sign (or small triangle, depending on your operating system), then click the + (or triangle) next to the Standard library and choose Module1. In the Function list, choose Endash and click the Modify button on the upper right. The selected key combination now appears in the Keys list on the lower right, and Endash appears next to Ctrl+Shift+N in the Shortcut keys list.
- 7) Repeat for the em-dash macro, then click **OK**.

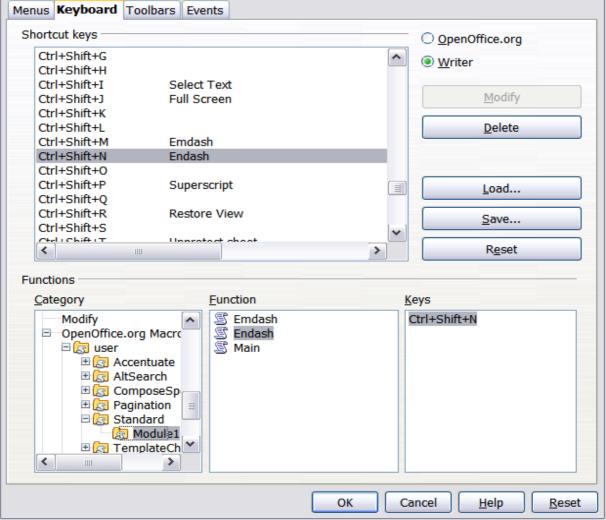


Figure 11: Defining keyboard shortcuts for running macros

	For inserting en- and em-dashes, and other special characters,
Tip	you may find extensions such as Compose Special Characters
•	useful. See "Adding functionality with extensions" on page 18.

Saving changes to a file

Changes to the shortcut key assignments can be saved in a keyboard configuration file for use at a later time, thus permitting you to create and apply different configurations as the need arises. To save keyboard shortcuts to a file:

- After making your keyboard shortcut assignments, click the Save button near the bottom right of the Customize dialog box (Figure 8).
- 2) In the Save Keyboard Configuration dialog box, select *All files* from the **Save as Type** list.
- 3) Next enter a name for the keyboard configuration file in the **File name** box, or select an existing file from the list. If you need to, browse to find a file from another location.
- 4) Click **Save**. A confirmation dialog box appears if you are about to overwrite an existing file, otherwise there will be no feedback and the file will be saved.

Loading a saved keyboard configuration

To load a saved keyboard configuration file and replace your existing configuration, click the **Load** button near the bottom right of the Customize dialog box, and then select the configuration file from the Load Keyboard Configuration dialog box.

Resetting the shortcut keys

To reset all of the keyboard shortcuts to their default values, click the **Reset** button near the bottom right of the Customize dialog box. Use this feature with care as no confirmation dialog box will be displayed; the defaults will be set without any further notice or user input.

Assigning macros to events

In OOo, when something happens, we say that an event occurred. For example, a document was opened, a key was pressed, or the mouse moved. You can associate a macro with an event, so the macro is run when the event occurs. For example, a common use is to assign the "open document" event to run a macro that performs certain setup tasks for the document.

To associate a macro with an event, use the Events page of the Customize dialog box. For more information, see Chapter 13 (Getting started with macros) in the *Getting Started* guide.

Adding functionality with extensions

An extension is a package that can be installed into OpenOffice.org to add new functionality.

Although individual extensions can be found in different places, the official OpenOffice.org extension repository is at

http://extensions.services.openoffice.org/. Some extensions are free of charge; others are available for a fee. Check the descriptions to see what licenses and fees apply to the ones that interest you.

Installing extensions

To install an extension, follow these steps:

- 1) Download an extension and save it anywhere on your computer.
- 2) In OOo, select **Tools > Extension Manager** from the menu bar. In the Extension Manager dialog box (Figure 12), click **Add**.

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r (1)	French "Classic and Reform 1990" spelling, thesaurus and hyphen 3.4.1 Dicollecte	æ	
₽ ₽	Professional Template Pack II - English 1.0 Sun Microsystems The second template pack by Sun Microsystems provides more than 120 professionally designed document, spreadsheet, presentation and database templates for professional and stunning look documents and presentations. Disable Remove	-	111
5	Spanish spelling dictionary 2008.07.01	æ	
	Template Changer 1.2.5		~
Get more	extensions online		
Ш	elp Check for Updates]	lose	

Figure 12: Using the Extension Manager

- A file browser window opens. Find and select the extension you want to install and click **Open**. The extension begins installing. You may be asked to accept a license agreement.
- 4) When the installation is complete, the extension is listed in the Extension Manager dialog box.

Тір	To get extensions that are listed in the repository, you can open the Extension Manager and click the Get more extensions here link. You do not need to download them separately as in step 1 above.
Note	To install a <i>shared</i> extension, you need to have write access to the OpenOffice.org installation directory.

Using extensions

This section describes a few of the more important and popular extensions to Writer. All are available from the OOo extensions repository. In each case, you need to first install the extension as described in the previous section.

Template Changer

Adds two new items to the **File > Templates** menu that allow you to assign a new template to the current document or to a folder of documents. All styles and formatting will be loaded from that template and the document will behave as it was created using that template. Open source.

Compose Special Characters

Provides a facility for inserting accented and special characters using key combinations. Adds an entry (**Compose Character**) to the **Insert** menu, which opens a dialog box where you can view the list of key combinations and choose the keystroke you want to use to run the macro. Once setup is done, simply press the appropriate key combination, followed by the keystroke to run the macro. Open source.

Professional Template Pack II

Provides more than 120 templates for Writer, Calc, and Impress. Available in several languages. After you have installed this extension, you will find the templates under **File > New > Templates and Document**s. From Sun Microsystems. Freeware.

PDF Import

This extension enables you to make minor modifications to the text of existing PDF files when the original source files do not exist or you are unable to open the source files. (Whenever possible, modify the source and regenerate the PDF to obtain the best results.)

When the extension is installed, PDF is listed as a choice in the File Type drop-down list in the **File > Open** dialog box.

Best results can be achieved with the *PDF/ODF hybrid file* format, which this extension also enables. A hybrid PDF/ODF file is a PDF file that contains an embedded ODF source file. Hybrid PDF/ODF files will be opened in OpenOffice.org as an ODF file without any layout changes.

Non-hybrid PDF documents open in Draw. Many PDFs can be edited and resaved with no problems. However, depending on the complexity of the layout, the fonts used, the graphics included, and other factors, changes may be difficult to make, font substitution may occur, and the saved result may not preserve the original layout.

From Sun Microsystems. Open source.

Writer's Tools

A set of utilities designed to help OpenOffice.org users perform a wide range of tasks. Using Writer's Tools, you can back up documents, look up and translate words and phrases, manage text snippets, and keep tabs on document statistics. Open source.